## § 222.187 Which year's data must an SEA or LEA provide?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary will determine eligibility under this discretionary grant program based on student and fiscal data for each local educational agency from the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the applicant is applying for funds.

(b) If satisfactory fiscal data are not available from the preceding fiscal year, the Secretary will use data from the most recent fiscal year for which data that are satisfactory to the Secretary are available.

#### HOW GRANTS ARE MADE

## § 222.188 What priority may the Secretary establish?

In any given year, the Secretary may assign extra weight for certain systems or emergency and modernization conditions by identifying the systems or conditions and their assigned weights in a notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.189 What funding priority does the Secretary give to applications?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary gives funding priority to applications in the following order:

(1) First priority is given to applications described under §222.177 and, among those applicants for emergency grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in §222.190, including the severity of the emergency.

(2) After all eligible first-priority applications are funded, second priority is given to applications described under §§ 222.178 and 222.179 and, among those applicants for emergency grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in § 222.190, including the severity of the emergency.

(3) Third priority is given to applications described under §222.180 and, among those applicants for modernization grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in

§222.190, including the severity of the need for modernization.

(4) Fourth priority is given to applications described under §§ 222.181 and 222.182 and, among those applicants for modernization grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in § 222.190, including the severity of the need for modernization.

(b)(1) The Secretary makes awards in each priority described above until the Secretary is unable to make an approvable award in that priority.

(2) If the Secretary is unable to fund a full project or a viable portion of a project, the Secretary may continue to fund down the list of high-ranking applicants within a priority.

(3) The Secretary applies any remaining funds to awards in the next priority.

(4) If an applicant does not receive an emergency or modernization grant in a fiscal year, the Secretary will, subject to the availability of funds and to the priority and award criteria, consider that application in the following year along with the next fiscal year's pool of applications. An example follows:

Example: The first five applicants in priority one have been funded. Three hundred thousand dollars remain available. Three unfunded applications remain in that priority. Application #6 requires a minimum of \$500,000, application #7 requires \$400,000, and application #8 requires \$300,000 for a new roof and \$150,000 for related wall and ceiling repairs. Applicant #8 agrees to accept the remaining \$300,000 since the roof upgrade can be separated into a viable portion of applicant #8's total project. Applications #6 and #7 will be retained for consideration in the next fiscal year and will compete again with that fiscal year's pool of applicants. Applicant #8 will have to submit a new application if it wishes to be considered for the unfunded portion of the current year's applica-

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

# § 222.190 How does the Secretary rank and select applicants?

(a) To the extent consistent with these regulations and section 8007(b) of the Act, the Secretary will follow grant selection procedures that are specified in 34 CFR §§75.215 through 75.222. In general these procedures are based on the authorizing statute, the

#### § 222.191

selection criteria, and any priorities or other applicable requirements that have been published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(b) In the event of ties in numeric ranking, the Secretary may consider as tie-breaking factors: the severity of the emergency or the need for modernization; for applicants under section 8003 of the Act, the numbers of federally connected children who will benefit from the project; or for applicants under section 8002 of the Act, the numbers of children who will benefit from the project; the assessed valuation of real property per student compared to the LEA's State average; and available resources or non-Federal funds available for the grant project.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

### § 222.191 What is the maximum award amount?

- (a) Subject to any applicable contribution requirements as described in §§ 222.192 and 222.193, the procedures in §§ 75.231 through 75.236, and the provisions in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary may fund up to 100 percent of the allowable costs in an approved grantee's proposed project.
- (b) An award amount may not exceed the difference between—
- (1) The cost of the proposed project; and
- (2) The amount the grantee has available or will have available for this purpose from other sources, including local, state, and other Federal funds.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

# § 222.192 What local funds may be considered as available for this project?

To determine the amount of local funds that an LEA has available under \$222.191(b)(2) for a project under this program, the Secretary will consider as available all LEA funds that may be used for capital expenditures except \$100,000 or ten percent of the average annual capital expenditures of the ap-

plicant for three previous fiscal years, whichever is greater.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## §222.193 What other limitations on grant amounts apply?

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section and §222.191, the amount of funds provided under an emergency grant or a modernization grant awarded under this subsection to an eligible LEA is subject to the following limitations:
- (1) The award amount may not be more than 50 percent of the total cost of an approved project.
- (2) The total amount of grant funds may not exceed four million dollars during any four-year period. An example follows:

*Example:* An LEA that is awarded \$4 million dollars in the first year may not receive any additional funds for the following three years.

(b) Emergency or modernization grants to LEAs with no practical capacity to issue bonds as defined in §222.176 are not subject to the award limitations described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.194 Are "in-kind" contributions permissible?

- (a) LEAs that are subject to the applicable matching requirement described in §222.193(a) may use allowable third party in-kind contributions as defined below to meet the requirements.
- (b) Third party in-kind contributions mean property or services that benefit this grant program and are contributed by non-Federal third parties without charge to the grantee or a cost-type contractor under the grant agreement.
- (c) The provisions of 34 CFR 80.24 govern the allowability and valuation of in-kind contributions, except that it is permissible for a third party to contribute real property to a grantee for a project under this program, so long as